# 6th Judicial District LANGUAGE ACCESS PLAN

# **Section I. Legal Basis and Purpose**

This Language Access Plan (LAP) is the plan for the judicial district to ensure meaningful access to court services for persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) or deaf or hard of hearing in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964<sup>1</sup>, the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act,<sup>2</sup> the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act,<sup>3</sup> and the Administrative Regulations Governing Court Interpreters for Persons With Limited English Proficiency and for Persons Who Are Deaf or Hard of Hearing.<sup>4</sup> A limited English proficient person is a person who does not speak English as his or her primary language, and who has a limited ability to read, write, speak, or understand English, and therefore may be unable to understand and meaningfully participate in the court process. Although deaf and hard of hearing individuals are covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) rather than Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, they have been included in this plan insofar as they relate to the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act and the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts' (AOPC) Interpreter Certification Program Regulations.<sup>5</sup>

The purpose of the plan is to provide a framework for the provision of timely and effective language assistance to LEP persons and deaf and hard of hearing persons who come in contact with the judicial district.

The judicial district has appointed a language access coordinator

Name: Julia Bagnoni, Esquire

**Title:** Deputy Court Administrator

to be a contact person for the public, court staff, and the AOPC concerning this plan and its implementation. The language access coordinator may be contacted through:

**Address:** Erie County Court of Common Pleas

Sixth Judicial District

Office of Court Administration 140 West Sixth Street, Room 204

Erie, PA 16501

**Phone #:** 814-451-6309

Email: LanguageAccessCoordinator@eriecountypa.gov

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.; see also 45 C.F.R. § 80 et seq.; 28 C.F.R. § 42 et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 42 U.S.C. § 3789d(c)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Act 172 of 2006, 42 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 4401, et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 204 Pa. Code § 221.101 et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 204 Pa. Code 221.

#### **Section II. Needs Assessment**

# A. Statewide Survey

The judicial district will make every effort to provide service to all LEP and deaf or hard of hearing persons in the court's service area. According to the 2014 AOPC survey of the district court administrators of Pennsylvania, the most widely used languages requiring interpreters in Pennsylvania's judicial districts were (number of counties in which the language is used regularly):

- 1. Spanish (60)
- 2. American Sign Language (51)
- 3. Mandarin Chinese (28)
- 4. Russian (23)
- 5. Vietnamese (16)
- 6. Arabic (16)
- 7. Korean (11)
- 8. Bosian (9)
- 9. Serbian (9)
- 10. Croatian (9)

#### B. Judicial District Data

The following list shows the non-English languages, including American Sign Language, ("ASL"), most frequently spoken in this judicial district's physical jurisdiction, based on census data compiled by the Penn State Data Center:

- 1. Spanish
- 2. Russian
- 3. Serbo-Croatian
- 4. African languages
- 5. German

The following list shows the 5 most common languages, including ASL, for which interpreters were provided in our district for years 2015 and 2016.

- 1. Spanish
- 2. Arabic
- 3. Nepali
- 4. Somali
- 5. Swahili

#### C. Identification of LEP Persons

Court staff use	the following	methods to	identify	LEP <sub>1</sub>	persons:

X	"I Speak" cards
X	"I Speak" poster
	Signage in non-English languages
	Other:

### Section III. Language Assistance Resources

# A. Interpreters Used In Judicial Proceedings

The judicial district will offer assistance to LEP and deaf or hard of hearing persons during judicial proceedings by providing foreign language interpreters as required by Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act, the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act, and its regulations. As defined by the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act, it is "the policy of this Commonwealth to secure the rights, constitutional and otherwise, of persons who because of a non-English speaking cultural background or because of an impairment of hearing or speech are unable to understand or communicate adequately in the English language when they appear in court or are involved in judicial proceedings." Pursuant to the regulations under Act 172, the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act, specific persons are required to give notice to the court of the need for an interpreter in certain types of cases, but "anyone with knowledge of a principal party in interest, witness or direct victim's need for an interpreter may give notice of that need to the presiding judicial officer or the Appellate Court Prothonotary/District Court Administrator or his or her designee . . . . ."

The 6th Judicial District provides interpreters for judicial proceedings in compliance with the rules and policies set forth in the Pennsylvania Interpreter Act and regulations, the AOPC Interpreter Certification Program regulations, and the Guidelines for the Procurement and Appointment of Interpreters issued by the AOPC. Interpreter request and waiver forms are available on the Interpreter Certification Program page of the UJS website.

The Pennsylvania Interpreter Certification Program ("ICP") maintains a statewide roster of certified, otherwise qualified, and registered interpreters who may work in the courts, which is available to court staff and the public online. <sup>10</sup> The Judicial Districts must give preference to the appointment of a certified interpreter, unless a certified interpreter is not available.

The court may appoint otherwise qualified interpreters when certified interpreters are unavailable. Otherwise qualified interpreters should be selected from the statewide roster. If the Judicial District is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 42 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 4401.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 204 Pa. Code §221.201(a)(4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 204 Pa. Code §221.

<sup>9</sup> http://www.pacourts.us/judicial-administration/court-programs/interpreter-program

<sup>10</sup> http://www.pacourts.us/judicial-administration/court-programs/interpreter-program/interpreter-roster

unable to locate a certified, otherwise qualified, or registered interpreter on the statewide roster, then the Judicial District should contact AOPC ICP staff for guidance.

# B. Language Services Beyond Judicial Proceedings

The judicial district is also responsible for taking reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to all court services, once LEP court users as been identified using the resources listed in section II(C), above. This is one of the most challenging situations facing court staff, because in most situations they will encounter LEP persons without an interpreter present. LEP persons may come in contact with court personnel via:

- X Telephone
- X Counter
- X Information desk (via Court Administration Rm 204)

Once court staff have identified LEP individuals utilizing the resources identified in II(C), court staff provide the following language assistance services in the situations listed directly above: [please use the checkboxes below to indicate what types of language assistance services are currently available in the situations listed above].

X Telephonic Interpretation Service

InterpreTalk is currently available to MDJs and throughout courthouse. The contact information is listed on the "I Speak" cards that were distributed to all MDJs and throughout courthouse.

- □ Video Remote Interpreting
- X Bilingual employees –

Currently we have one (1) Spanish speaking courthouse employee that has been used throughout the courthouse on occasion. The MDJs are also aware of this employee whenever they would need assistance at the courthouse ie: Central Court.

X Other [please specify]: Computer Applications, Smart Phone Applications

#### C. Forms & Documents

- 1. <u>Statewide</u> The Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts (AOPC) makes select translated forms available to the courts on its website. <sup>11</sup>
- 2. <u>Judicial District</u> The 6th Judicial District recognizes the importance of translating vital forms and documents so that LEP individuals have equal access to court services. To ensure consistency in the translation of vital documents and forms, the 6th Judicial District follows the guidelines established in

<sup>11</sup> http://www.pacourts.us/forms/for-the-judiciary/.

the National Center for State Courts' Guide to Translation Practices. Additional translated forms available to court users include: [If the judicial district provides any translated forms or documents, please list them and the corresponding foreign language(s) in the space below. If the district does not presently provide translated documents, please indicate which vital documents you intend to translate].

Translated documents:

- Waiver of Arraignment Spanish available at the Public Defender's Office or Court Administration
- Petition for Emergency Relief from Abuse (PFA Petition) Spanish Currently available at the PFA Office and will be available online in the future.
- Interpreter Request Form Spanish
- Translated forms available at the following website: http://www.pacourts.us/forms/bilingual-forms

Documents the 6<sup>th</sup> Judicial District intends to translate:

- Waiver of Arraignment in the 5 most common languages
- PFA Petition in the 5 most common languages
- Interpreter Request Form in the 5 most common languages\* with Notice (of Service)
- Notice (of Service) to accompany the Interpreter Request Form that would inform LEP court users of the available interpreter service provided to them free of charge from the court if they are principal parties.

#### D. Other Provisions

In an effort to provide LEP persons language access to court information, the judicial district also provides the following: [If the judicial district has made its website or other information, e.g., signage, self-help videos, etc., accessible in foreign languages, please explain here; if it has not, please list below the district's plans for making information available in languages other than English].

	English by January 31, 2018 after meeting w appropriate signage throughout building and	•	als about the need for
X	Website – plans to make a translated documents	link in language	es other than English.

X Signage - plans to make most common court-related signs available in languages other than

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 $<sup>\</sup>frac{^{12} \text{ http://www.ncsc.org/education-and-careers/state-interpreter-}{\text{certification/~/media/files/pdf/education%20and\%20careers/state\%20interpreter\%20certification/guide\%20to\%20translation}{\%20 \text{practices}\%206-14-11.ashx.}$ 

The judicial district will work with the AOPC to ensure that all employees are trained on LEP policy and procedure. Judicial district staff will attend training to assist them to: identify and respond to LEP persons, increase awareness of the types of language services available, guide when and how to access those services, and effectively use language services. New employees, especially those who will have regular contact with the public, will be required to attend language access training.

Judicial district staff will attend and county clerks will be offered the following training regarding language access:

	Periodic training for new judicial district staff
X	Periodic training for employees who have frequent contact with the public
	Other [please describe]:

### Section V. Public Notification and Evaluation of Language Access Plan

# A. Language Access Plan Approval and Notification

The judicial district's LAP has been approved by the AOPC. The judicial district will post its LAP on its public website and/or public notification area within the courthouse and will make copies of the LAP available upon request. In addition, copies of the plan have been provided to all identifiable stakeholders in the LEP and deaf/hard of hearing communities, including but not limited to: the District Attorneys' Office, the Public Defenders' Office, and the local legal aid office.

The judicial district consulted with the following members of the community in creating its LAP: [In preparing its plan, the judicial district should seek input on providing language access from all identifiable LEP stakeholders in the community it serves. The above-mentioned organizations - DA's Office, PD's Office, and local legal aid office, as well as the local welfare office, schools and churches, may be able to assist districts in identifying organizations that serve limited English proficient individuals. Please indicate what outside sources the judicial district consulted. If the judicial district is unable to identify any relevant LEP stakeholders, please indicate below what agencies you consulted for assistance in attempting to identify these stakeholders.]

- X International Institute of Erie
- X Stairways Behavior Health
- X Multicultural Health Evaluation Delivery Systems
- X Multicultural Community Resource Center
- X Logistics of Erie

### B. Evaluation and Review of the LAP

The judicial district will review this LAP six months from its inception, and biennially thereafter to assess whether the LAP needs updating. The LAP will remain in effect unless modified or updated. Review of the following areas may indicate a need to update the LAP:

- Increase in number of LEP and deaf or hard of hearing persons requesting court interpreters or language assistance
- Funding provided or available for languages services
- Current language needs to determine if additional services or translated materials should be provided
- Feedback from LEP and deaf or hard of hearing communities and stakeholders within the judicial district
- Court staff (turnover, new hires, etc.)
- Feedback from trainings provided by the judicial district or AOPC
- Viability of identified language services and resources
- Problem areas and corrective action strategies
- Updated census data

The language access coordinator for this judicial district ensures this plan is followed, advises the court on potential updates to this plan, and coordinates provision of language access services for the judicial district as they arise. The name and contact information of the language access coordinator is:

Julia Bagnoni, Esquire, Language Access Coordinator 6th Judicial District 140 West Sixth Street, Room 204 Erie, PA 16501

Phone Number: 814-451-6309 Fax Number: 814-451-6223

The judicial district will notify the AOPC of any changes to the language access coordinator's contact information, or if a new language access coordinator is named. Any revisions to the language access plan will be communicated to all court personnel, and an updated version of the plan will be posted on the court's website and in a public notification area in the courthouse, as well as distributed to all relevant stakeholders.

### **Section VI. Grievance Procedure**

Any LEP, deaf or hard of hearing individual has the right to file a complaint against the 6th Judicial District when he or she believes that the 6th Judicial District did not provide the necessary LEP or sign language services. The Language Access Coordinator shall take reasonable steps to inform LEP, deaf or hard of hearing court users about the availability of complaint forms.

The Language Access Coordinator shall:

- Utilize the attached complaint procedure and form
- Publish and make the complaint procedure and form readily available
- Post the complaint procedure prominently in the court facilities and on the court's website

All complaints regarding this LAP should be forwarded to:

Name: Julia Bagnoni, Esquire, Language Access Coordinator

**6th Judicial District** 

Street Address: 140 West Sixth Street, Room 204

City, State, Zip: Erie, PA 16501 Phone Number: 814-451-6309 Fax Number: 814-451-6223

Email Address: LanguageAccessCoordinator@eriecountypa.gov

The Language Access Coordinator or his/her designee will investigate any complaints that allege noncompliance with this LAP. If the investigation results in a finding of compliance, the Language Access Coordinator will inform the LEP individual in writing of this determination, including the basis for determination. If the investigation results in a finding of noncompliance, the Language Access Coordinator will inform the LEP person of the noncompliance in a letter that outlines the steps that will be taken to correct the noncompliance.

Effective Date:	
Date:	Language Access Coordinator Signature:
Date:	President Judge Signature: